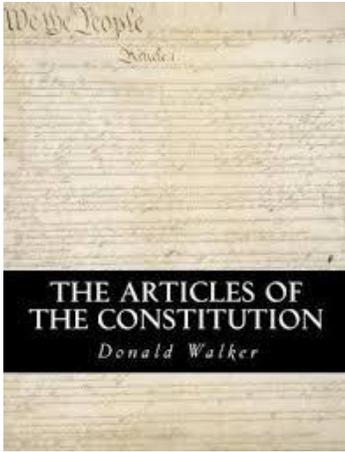


Name: _____

Date: _____

Period: _____

CONSTITUTIONAL BREAKDOWN:



PREAMBLE	READ IT!
ARTICLE 1	L
ARTICLE 2	E
ARTICLE 3	J
ARTICLE 4	S
ARTICLE 5	A
ARTICLE 6	S
ARTICLE 7	RATIFICATION

POWERS OF THE GOVERNMENT

NATIONAL POWERS

***Exclusive powers** are those powers granted only to the _____.

***Delegated Powers** are those powers granted to one of the 3 branches of the national government by the Constitution)

- _____ are those powers directly **expressed** or stated in the Constitution. Delegated powers = usually refers to congressional powers Article I, Section 8
- _____ are the powers that the national government requires to carry out the powers that are expressly defined in the Constitution. They are not directly stated in the Constitution.

The basis for the implied powers is the necessary and proper clause. It is called the elastic clause because it allows Congress to stretch its powers. All implied powers must come from an expressed power.

- _____ are powers that the national government may exercise simply because it is a sovereign nation.

NATIONAL AND STATE POWERS

_____ are those powers that both the national government and the states have.

STATE POWERS

_____ are powers that are reserved strictly to the states. States have authority over matters not found in the constitution.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Period: _____

PRACTICE:

Directions: Decide whether the following powers belong to the National Government (**N**), the State Governments (**S**), or if they are Concurrent powers (**C**).

- | | |
|--|--|
| _____ regulate intrastate commerce | _____ regulations for marriage |
| _____ borrow money | _____ regulate foreign & interstate commerce |
| _____ conduct elections | _____ coin money |
| _____ make treaties | _____ collect taxes |
| _____ maintain military | _____ professional licensure |
| _____ provide public education | _____ make and enforce laws |
| _____ regulate banks | _____ provide for common good |
| _____ declare war | _____ 10 th Amendment |
| _____ establish & regulate postal system | _____ make all laws necessary and proper to meet responsibilities of the U.S. Constitution |
| _____ establish & administer a judiciary | |

4 POWERS THAT EXPAND THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT:

<p>#1 Supremacy Clause:</p>	<p>#2 Power to regulate interstate & foreign Commerce</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Federal Government's role has been greatly expanded through the interpretation of the _____ clause.
<p>#3 War Power</p>	<p>#4 Power to tax and Spend</p> <p>By attaching _____ to its grants of money, Congress may _____ what it cannot directly _____.</p> <p>States don't have to accept _____, but if they do, they must follow _____.</p>

On back briefly explain how the Supreme Court interpreted the commerce clause to enhance the power of the national government in the 2 cases on slide #9